

NATIONAL NUTRITION MONTH

Rashtriya Poshan Maah

1-30 September #PoshanMaah2022



ashakt/Sabal Naari, Saakshar Bacha, Swasthya Bharat

Mighty Millets

Millets, popularly known as Nutri-cereals, are traditional small seeded grains which have been part of Indian households for years, providing multiple benefits.

Types of Millets

Major Millets: Sorghum (Jowar), Pearl millet (Bajra) and Finger millet (ragi).







Minor Millets: Foxtail (kakun/kanngani), Proso (cheena), Kodo, Barnyard (Sanwa/sawa), Little (Kutki).

Pseudo Millets: Buck- wheat (Kuttu), Amaranth (Chaulai); Nutritionally same as millets.

Goodness of Millets

- · Rich in fibre-Good for digestive health.
- · Gluten free- Suitable for those with gluten intolerance.
- · Low Glycaemic index- Good for diabetics.
- · Rich in vitamins and minerals like B vitamins, Calcium, Magnesium & Iron.
- Source of protein.

Carbon Neutral Crop Climate resistant Water Efficient Minimal need of fertilisers **Short Duration crop**



Tips to add Millets in your Diet

- · Use millet flours to make chapati, dosa and idli.
- · Millet khichdi/porridge/Pongal can be enjoyed as a healthy breakfast or lunch.
- · Millet based biscuits, poha, puffs, cutlets, pasta are good snack & light meal options.
- Millets like Jowar can also be used to make salads.
- Add millets to make sweets like puddings, payasam, cakes etc
- · Millet based health drinks are also good way to add to your daily nutrition.



















Millet Goodness in ITC Products!











Did you know!!

India is the largest producer of Millets.

U.N. has adopted the resolution sponsored by India, declaring 2023 as International Year of Millets.

